KNOLE ACADEMY TRUST (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE)

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

CONTENTS

	Page
Reference and administrative details	1 - 2
Governors' report	3 - 10
Governance statement	11 - 15
Statement on regularity, propriety and compliance	16
Statement of governors' responsibilities	17
Independent auditor's report on the accounts	18 - 20
Independent reporting accountant's report on regularity	21 - 22
Statement of financial activities including income and expenditure account	23 - 24
Balance sheet	25
Statement of cash flows	26
Notes to the accounts including accounting policies	27 - 47

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Members

Mr G Phillips
- Kent County Council Mr N Chard

Lord R Sackville-West

Mrs P Tolhurst

Mr P Fleming

- Sevenoaks School Mrs A Beckett

Mr M Bolton (resigned 27 February 2023)

Governors Ms A Beckett (Resigned 9 November 2022)

Mr M Bolton (Resigned 9 November 2022) Mr N Chard (Resigned 9 November 2022)

Mr N Clark

Mr D Collins (Headteacher & Accounting Officer)

Miss D Dewberry (now Mrs D Farron)

Ms J Elzinga

Mr P Fleming (Resigned 9 November 2022) Miss T Homewood (Chair of Governors)

Mr B Levy

Ms E Mitchell (Resigned 14 October 2022) Mr G Phillips (Resigned 9 November 2022)

Mr N Reddin Ms S Rogers

Lord R Sackville-West (Resigned 9 November 2022)

Mr M Spence (Chair - Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee)

Ms P Tolhurst (Resigned 9 November 2022)

Mr R Wedderburn-Day Miss J Whitehead Ms J Wildman Ms A Williams Ms S Wooders

Mr M Fisher (Chair - Teaching and Learning Committee)

Dr C Ives

Ms A L Appleby (Appointed 6 January 2023)

Senior management team

- Headteacher & Accounting Officer- Senior Deputy HeadteacherMrs S Barnes

Company secretary Ms E Butters

Company registration number 07115882 (England and Wales)

Principal and registered office Knole Academy

Bradbourne Vale Road

Sevenoaks Kent TN13 3LE United Kingdom

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Independent external auditor Azets Audit Services

First Floor River House 1 Maidstone Road

Sidcup Kent DA14 5RH United Kingdom

Independent internal auditor Buzzacott LLP

130 Wood Street

London EC2V 6DL United Kingdom

Bankers Lloyds Bank plc

83 High Street Sevenoaks Kent TN13 1LG United Kingdom

Solicitors Browne Jacobson LLP

Castle Meadow Road

Nottingham Nottinghamshire NG2 1BJ United Kingdom

GOVERNORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

The governors present their annual report together with the accounts and auditor's report of the charitable company for the year 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report and strategic report under company law.

The academy trust operates an academy for pupils aged 11 to 19 serving a catchment area in and around Sevenoaks. It has a pupil capacity of 1,550 and had on roll 1,362 in the school census in October 2023.

The characteristics of the Academy set down in section 482 (2) of the Education Act 1996, as substituted, by the Education Act 2002, are that the school:

- has a broad curriculum with an emphasis on a particular subject area i.e. Expressive Arts and Languages;
- provides education for pupils of different abilities and who are wholly or mainly drawn from the area in which the school is situated

Funding is obtained from the Department for Education (DfE) through the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) in the form of recurrent grants, the use of which is restricted to particular purposes.

Structure, governance and management

Constitution

The academy trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the academy trust.

The charitable company operates as Knole Academy.

The governors are the trustees of Knole Academy Trust and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. Details of the governors who served during the year, and to the date these accounts are approved, are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Governors' indemnities

The academy has not provided any indemnities to third parties during the year on behalf of any of the Governors.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of governors

The Governing Body comprises the following Governors:

- Up to 15 Trustees, appointed under Article 50; and
- Up to 3 Trustees, appointed by the Sponsors; and
- A minimum of 2 Parent Trustees elected or appointed under Articles 53-56b;
- 1 representative appointed by Kent County Council (KCC):
- The Academy Trust may have co-opted Trustees appointed under Article 58;
- The Headteacher as an ex-officio governor.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of governors

The training and induction provided for new Governors will depend on their existing experience. Where necessary, induction will provide training in charity and educational legal and financial matters. All governors are provided with the information needed (including policies, minutes, budgets, etc.) to undertake their role as governors.

Policies have been considered and were tabled at committee level and amended and ratified where necessary.

The Academy has implemented a governor training programme. An audit has been done to ensure governors receive the training they require. Training for all governors took place including safeguarding and GDPR. In addition, individual governors received training relating to their specific roles such as: chair of governors, advanced child protection and statutory website information. A governors' training day takes place in September each year.

Organisational structure

The Board of Governors, the majority of whom are non-executive, comprises those persons appointed under the Articles of Association. The Board meets at least three times a year and has separate sub committees, including a Teaching and Learning Committee and a Finance, Premises, Audit and Risk Committee. Both of these Committees are formally constituted with terms of reference and comprise appropriately qualified and experienced members.

Governors delegate specific responsibilities to Committees, the activities of which are reported to and discussed at full Governing Body Meetings. The Headteacher undertakes day to day management of the Academy and is supported by the Senior Deputy Headteacher. They comprise the senior leadership team and the Headteacher reports to the governing body. A number of Deputy Heads, who comprise the Leadership Team, report to the senior leadership team. The leadership team's responsibilities are:

- · Headteacher, leads and manages the academy
- · Senior Deputy Headteacher, Character and Culture, including Pastoral and AEN
- Deputy Head, English and Literacy
- Deputy Head, Mathematics and Numeracy
- Deputy Head, Curriculum/ International Baccalaureate Career-related Programme (IBCP)
- · Deputy Head, Teaching and Learning/ CPD
- Deputy Head, Raising Standards
- · Deputy Head, Sixth Form and Adult Learning
- Deputy Head, Pastoral (key stage 3 & 4)

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The leadership team are the key management personnel of the trust. Trustees are also senior management although they receive no pay or other remuneration in respect of their role as trustees. Where staff trustees are in place, they receive remuneration for their role as staff and their pay is determined in the same way as applicable to all other staff. Further details of remuneration paid to staff who are trustees is set out within the notes to the accounts.

The pay of the Headteacher is set annually by a panel of governors, made up of the Chair of Governors and two other governors, having regard to performance against objectives set the previous year. Pay of other leadership team members is also set by the panel of governors, again having regard to performance against previously agreed objectives and any recommendations made by the Headteacher.

Related parties and other connected charities and organisations

Knole Academy Enterprises is a company (registered in England & Wales, company no. 09221523) to operate commercial activities on behalf of the academy, including the management of facilities. It was incorporated on 17 September 2014 as a company limited by Guarantee. Its members are governors of Knole Academy Trust and it donates all of its profits to the Academy. Further details are set out in the notes to the accounts.

Mr Gordon Phillips is the principal sponsor of Knole Academy Trust. Sevenoaks School and Kent County Council are sponsors of Knole Academy Trust.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

West Kent Single Academy Trust Alliance (WKSATA)

West Kent Single Academy Trust Alliance (WKSATA) defines the relationship between a collection of single academy trusts in the West Kent area. The alliance is not a formal company or charity. In the 2022-23 academic year there were 6 schools within the alliance, who hold an equal status within the alliance, through Headteacher participation within the strategic board, which has been agreed at governance level. The schools in the alliance are Cranbrook Grammar School, Knole Academy, Hadlow Rural Community School, Hillview School for Girls, Tonbridge Grammar School and Trinity School. The participation within the alliance is reviewed and determined by each individual member school annually. An annual contribution to the running of the alliance is made on a £p/p basis. The primary function is to retain the collaborative approach that local schools took during the pandemic for the benefit of the schools as a collective. The aim is to secure ongoing high performance across all schools and to learn from each other practices for the benefit of each child and staff member. As an academy trust, the aim is always to offer the highest levels of provision and standards and the alliance is an active collaborative approach to these aims.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The principal object and activity of the charitable company is to advance for the public benefit, education in the UK, in particular by establishing and operating Knole Academy Trust to provide education for pupils of different abilities between the ages of 11 and 19 with an emphasis on languages and expressive arts.

In accordance with the articles of association the charitable company has adopted a "Scheme of Government" approved by the Secretary of State for Education and Skills. The Scheme of Government specifies, amongst other things, the basis for admitting students to the Academy, the catchment area from which the students are drawn, and that the curriculum should comply with the substance of the national curriculum with an emphasis on languages and expressive arts and their practical applications.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The principal objectives, strategies and activities during the year are set out in the section below dealing with achievements and performance.

Public benefit

In setting our objectives and planning our activities, the governors have carefully considered the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Strategic report

Achievements and performance

Quality of Education

Development Priority; Instil an ability to apply knowledge effectively

- 1. To raise the aspiration of all learners in the academy **Partially Achieved** the academy achieved a significant increase in the number of students achieving grade 9s and there were improvements in 5+ and 7+ grades. Basics figures were very similar to 2019 which is a grading comparison. Progress residual was below what we should have achieved.
- 2. Develop systems of assessment and feedback which impact positively on learning **Achieved** The RSL worked hard to validate data after a number of years without exams. The KS3 assessment policy was changed.
- 3. Review structure of T and L group and ECT training to improve quality assurance **Achieved** The ECT programme which is organised in collaboration with the other WKSATA schools has been well received by trainees. The core team of the T and L group is now established.
- 4. Plan and implement appropriate KS3,4 and 5 pathways for all pupils that prepare them for the next stage in education, employment and/or training **Achieved** The curriculum has good continuity and relevance

Personal development

Development Priority; Develop engagement with learning in the classroom and beyond

- 1. Remove barriers to attendance, motivate students and penalise non compliance. **Achieved with limited impact**, Attendance is significantly below pre Covid levels but is in line with National attendance. The interventions that we put in were effective but did not mitigate the national apathy towards attendance.
- 2. Develop understanding of wellbeing and mental health. **Achieved** Character curriculum is embedded. SLT trained in mental health first aid, various provisions and support have been implemented and signposted.
- 3. Ensure the PSHE, SMSC, careers and RSE are delivered effectively and consistently. **Achieved-**All programmes are established and quality assured. An Ofsted inspection in November 2022 observed the delivery and commented on the quality.

Behaviour and Attitudes

Development Priority; Promote collegiate responsibility for the vision of the academy

- 1. Improve the consistency of behaviour and attitudes towards learning and progress throughout the academy. **Partially achieved**, behaviour in lessons has improved with little or no disruption of learning. The academy has seen an increase in one off issues of poor behaviour outside of structured time, often relating to social media disputes. This is a legacy of reduced socialisation during lockdowns.
- 2. Drive improvements in lesson expectations to facilitate an observable improvement in behaviour for learning **Achieved.** As evidenced in the Ofsted inspection of November 2022, there is little evidence of lessons being disrupted by poor behaviour.

Leadership and Management

Development Priority: To work collaboratively to ensure that all staff can develop

- 1. Ensure that CPD is clearly defined and can measurably impact on performance achieved. The appraisal system is used to ensure that all staff undertake meaningful CPD that promotes their development in their job role.
- 2. Develop the West Kent Single Academy Trust Alliance (WKSATA) and explore collaborative opportunities. **Achieved**, in its second year of creation the links that have been developed have been very extensive and this makes a valued contribution to the running of the organisation. The alliance has developed its own ECT programme, established a middle leader training programme, networked a considerable number of staff including teaching and non teaching and jointly employed a FLO.
- 3. Review the future structure of Knole Academy trust in the light of the White Paper **Partially Achieved.** The white paper was withdrawn by the government and therefore it is impossible to achieve a target that no longer exists. However, the governing body have continued to work to achieve the intentions of the white paper.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Key performance indicators

The academy monitors a number of performance indicators, some financial, others related to the educational outcome for the pupils. The performance indicators are:

- 1. Examination results to maintain and improve year on year exam results for all students.
- 2. Pupil attendance ensure attendance is as high as possible (target 100%) and outperform national averages including pupils where the academy receives pupil premium funding
- 3. Teaching staff to recruit and retain high quality teachers in all subjects to boost exam results
- 4. Financial to achieve a balanced budget over the 5 year planning period

In addition the Academy monitors other ratios such as: average staff costs and the percentage of GAG, ratio of current assets to current liabilities, average cash balance and reserves per pupil and months of expenditure held as cash. The Academy also undertakes benchmarking analysis of key areas of resourcing and expenditure.

Financial review

We receive our income from a number of different sources. The majority of our income comes from central government via the Education and Skills Funding Agency who provide us with a grant, based largely on our student numbers to cover our staffing and other general running costs (General Annual Grant - GAG). The ESFA also provide additional grants which are earmarked for specific purposes (such as Pupil Premium which must be used to raise the attainment of disadvantaged pupils). These appear in the accounts as DfE/ESFA grants. Where we receive grant or other funding from the Local Authority (such as where we undertake responsibilities on their behalf in respect of our students) this appears in the accounts as other government grants. Such income is collectively referred to as "Restricted Funds". Other non grant income is received from parents (for example as contributions to trip or other costs) and from third parties (for example bank interest on our account balances or from others who are charged for their use of our facilities). Such other income may be restricted or unrestricted, depending on whether it comes to us with conditions as to its use or whether it is available for spending at the discretion of the trustees.

We hold funds in two broad categories, funds which are available for spending and other funds which are not available for spending.

Spendable funds are in turn sub-categorised between those which are available for spending at the discretion of trustees ("Unrestricted Funds") and those which are subject to condition or restriction ("Restricted Funds").

Funds not available for spending include the book value of fixed assets such as land, buildings and equipment.

These have a value and are therefore included as assets in the accounts but clearly, we cannot spend this value. In common with all academies, our share of the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) must also be reflected in our accounts and as this is not a conventional asset/liability, it does not need to form part of the spendable funds. We meet our obligations in respect of the LGPS by paying pension contributions, at rates set by the scheme's actuaries.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Financial position

At 31 August 2023 the academy had a restricted income fund balance of £78k (31 August 2022: £72k) and an unrestricted income fund balance of £1,208k (31 August 2022: £1,631k). In addition, the academy had a restricted fixed asset fund of £32,644k at 31 August 2023 (31 August 2022: £33,394k), and our share of the LGPS pension fund deficit as set out in note 18, was £nil at 31 August 2023 (31 August 2022: £(291)k).

As at 31 August 2023 total funds had decreased by £876k to £33,930k. This was due to a reduction in the fixed asset fund of £750k (fixed asset additions of £376k less the depreciation charged for the year of £1,126k), an increase in funds of 291k arising from the reduction in the LGPS pension fund deficit to nil and a decrease of £417k in the general restricted and unrestricted funds.

Total income in the year was £9,558k (2022: £8,926k) and total costs were £10,816k (2022: £10,685k) which gave rise to a shortfall of £1,258k (2022: £1,759k). Excluding the depreciation charge of £1,126k (2022: £1,148k) and the FRS102 pension fund costs of £91k (2022: £489k) the shortfall was £41k (2022: £122k). Income has risen compared to 2022 by approximately £632k largely due to an increase in GAG funding of £290k (now includes the majority of teacher pension and pay grants), new ESFA grants in the year totalling £122k, an increase in supplementary grant of £133k, plus additional energy grant of £53k. Costs have increased by approximately £548k (excluding depreciation and the FRS102 pension fund accounting adjustment). This was largely due to an increase in staff costs of £222k, agency staff costs of £142k, educational supplies of £77k, other direct costs of £111k, energy costs of £80k and other support costs which had fallen by £76k.

In October 2022 the academy spent £68k to complete the project to install a two classroom portacabin. The academy also invested a significant sum during the year upgrading its IT equipment and infrastructure, spending £201k on capital equipment. This included new servers, classroom interactive whiteboards and laptops for both staff and students. The programme to refurbish the student toilets was also largely completed during the year at a cost of £56k.

Reserves policy

As at 31 August 2023 the academy had a restricted income funds balance of £78k (31 August 2022: £72k) and an unrestricted income funds balance of £1,208k (31 August 2022: £1,631k). As at 31 August 2023 total restricted and unrestricted income funds balance were £1,286k (2022: £1,703k).

The Governors keep the level of reserves under review throughout the year. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves.

During the year ending 31 August 2023 governors carried out a full review of reserves, including how reserves are allocated and spent over the next 5 year cycle including;

- · Future building capital projects
- Risk of falling pupil numbers and higher future costs such as energy and staff costs.
- Additional staff training costs, particularly relating to new International Baccalaureate courses being run by the academy.

Going concern

The Governors assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, ie whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern. The Governors make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the Financial Statements and have concluded that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements.

Investment policy

There are no investments held beyond cash deposits retained with the major UK clearing banks. Speculative investments are not permitted.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Principal risks and uncertainties

The governors have assessed the major risks to which the Academy is exposed, in particular those relating to pupil numbers, teaching, provision of facilities, finances and budget, and other operational areas of the Academy. The governors have implemented a number of systems to assess risks that the Academy faces, and have developed policies and procedures to mitigate those risks. Where significant financial risk still remains they have ensured they have adequate insurance cover. The Academy has an effective system of internal financial controls and this is explained in more detail in the Statement on Internal Control.

The risk management process has been codified in a risk register implemented by the Leadership Team and overseen by Governors and additional detail is provided below

Reputational risk and potential impact on pupil numbers. Mitigated by:

- · Communications strategy to inform and involve stakeholders in school affairs
- Direct involvement of local community in school activities / programmes
- · Making the school an attractive and welcoming place for visitors
- Maintaining extra-curricular outreach
- · Improving governmentally published outcomes for the academy

Failure to recruit adequate staffing to deliver the planned curriculum. Mitigated by:

- Develop publicity campaign to attract new teachers into the marketplace
- · Identify professional development courses to build excellence in the teaching profession
- · Share resources between schools
- Continue to build teacher capacity in the use of learning technologies
- · Effectively induct new teachers
- · Monitor and review this risk as a regular agenda item
- Promotion of school as a desirable place to work e.g. work / life balance
- Continue to support Oaks consortium to encourage new teacher trainees into teaching

Failure to protect the academy IT infrastructure from cybercrime and adequately protect data. Mitigated by:

- Regular meetings with IT support staff and IT management
- · Firewalls in place
- Software updated to ensure support for virus and threat protection
- · Admin rights restrict unauthorised downloading of potential threats
- Data backed-up in cloud via secure provider
- · Policies on data handling and technology use for staff and students

Failure to effectively safeguard learners including risk of radicalisation. Mitigated by:

- Regular reports to relevant social services and related services
- DSL training in place and significant number of other staff trained in Child protection
- Oversight of governor in charge of safeguarding
- · Checks on statutory requirements for website
- · Annual safeguarding staff training for all staff including Prevent training

Failure of financial reporting, planning, and budget management. Mitigated by:

- Accounting records maintained and backed-up
- · Robust monitoring of 5 year plans by governors
- Regular monitoring of in year performance vs budget by FPA&R committee and full governing body
- Internal and external audit reviews of financial records and processes
- Maintenance of reserves to help mitigate the impact of unexpected cost pressures

Failure to maintain a safe, well maintained environment for pupils to learn. Mitigated by:

- · Consideration of the academy's Good Estates Management for Schools (GEMS) report
- · Review of site managers report tabled at each Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee meeting
- Adequate resources directed in the academy's annual budget

Fundraising

The Academy Trust does not work with professional fundraisers or companies to carry out fundraising on its behalf. All fundraising is undertaken by the trust in a manner that seeks to ensure that it is not unreasonably intrusive or persistent. Contact is made through email, academy newsletters, our websites and via students.

GOVERNORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Plans for future periods

The principal task facing the company is to maintain and improve educational standards achieved by the academy.

Funds held as custodian trustee on behalf of others

No funds are held as custodian trustee on behalf of others.

Auditor

In so far as the governors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the governors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

The governors' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the Governing Body, as the company directors, on 01 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Miss T Homewood

Chair of Governors

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Scope of responsibility

As governors, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that Knole Academy Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Governing Body has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Headteacher, as accounting officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between Knole Academy Trust and the Secretary of State for Education. The accounting officer is also responsible for reporting to the Governing Body any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Governors' Report and in the Statement of Governors' Responsibilities. The Governing Body has formally met 4 times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the Governing Body was as follows:

Governors	Meetings attended	Out of possible
Ms A Beckett (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Mr M Bolton (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Mr N Chard (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Mr N Clark	3	4
Mr D Collins (Headteacher & Accounting Officer)	4	4
Miss D Dewberry (now Mrs D Farron)	2	4
Ms J Elzinga	3	4
Mr P Fleming (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Miss T Homewood (Chair of Governors)	4	4
Mr B Levy	3	4
Ms E Mitchell (Resigned 14 October 2022)	0	1
Mr G Phillips (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Mr N Reddin	4	4
Ms S Rogers	3	4
Lord R Sackville-West (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Mr M Spence (Chair - Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee)	4	4
Ms P Tolhurst (Resigned 9 November 2022)	0	0
Mr R Wedderburn-Day	3	4
Miss J Whitehead	1	4
Ms J Wildman	3	4
Ms A Williams	3	4
Ms S Wooders	1	4
Mr M Fisher (Chair - Teaching and Learning Committee)	3	4
Dr C Ives	3	4
Ms A L Appleby (Appointed 6 January 2023)	1	2

Some of the governors listed in the table were in fact members of the Trust and should not have been shown as governors/directors at Companies House. Accordingly the relevant forms were filed at Companies House so that they no longer show as governors/directors to reflect their role as members.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Conflicts of interest

The academy requires each governor to complete a declaration of interests form at the beginning of each academic year. New governors will also be asked to complete a declaration of interests form if they join after the start of the academic year. The trust publishes information about the interests of members and governors on its website. If an individual's circumstances change after the register of interests is completed, they must immediately alert the chair and the clerk that they need to make amendments or further declarations. The register is available to finance staff to ensure that no conflicts arise when procuring goods or services. At the beginning of each governors meeting, including committee meetings, governors are asked to confirm they have no conflicts of interest.

Meetings

The Governing Body has met on fewer than 6 occasions during the year. The Governors' Report and this Governance Statement describe how effective governance and oversight is exercised. Membership of the governing body was stable during the academic year.

Governance reviews

No external review of governance was held in the academic year 2022/23 as an Ofsted inspection had taken place in November 2022 which as part of its normal remit reviewed governance. The governors were described by Ofsted as "skilled and experienced. They know the school well and make sure that the school is well led and managed effectively. They provide effective support and challenge for leaders."

Members of the Finance, Premises, Audit, and Risk recognised the wealth of acquired financial and business expertise appointed to the committee. The capacity to challenge and deliver effective scrutiny is supplemented by an accountant, an auditor, and a former school finance manager. The Teaching and Learning Committee includes a well-informed group of Governors with backgrounds in education. The Governance Professional presented as knowledgeable and keenly aware of her responsibilities. Minutes are of good quality and promote clear evidence of the nature of discussions and themes explored. All Governors complete annual training on Safeguarding.

As evidenced by the Governance Professional there is compliance with current mandatory and legislative obligations. Arrangements relating to Teachers' Pay and Performance Management are in place. The school website is accessible and fully meets the DFE requirements. She is the guardian of the Terms of Reference, maintains the Register of Business Interests, and manages the Governor's Development Training Log. There is clear evidence of her impartiality, independence, and professionalism. The Chair of Governors carries out annual reviews of each Governor's contribution to the Board's performance. There is some evidence of succession planning and the composition of the Governing Body is regularly and appropriately adjusted. It was acknowledged that the Governing Body might benefit from examining good practices from elsewhere. The school has adopted a clear vision and identified priorities for future development and improvement. Governors play and have played a central role in formulating the vision and identifying priorities during their annual strategic planning days. The work of the governing body was commended in the November 2022 Ofsted inspection.

Conclusion

The Governing Body has progressively developed into the role and is increasingly effective as a consequence of experience gained and training accessed. There is clear evidence that they are able to identify and act upon areas where performance could be improved, and practice strengthened. Governors understand their roles, remit, and responsibilities. They are aware of the need to maximise challenge and provide support. Board members identified channels of communication with stakeholders as a key area for development. Governors are aware that practice can be further enhanced through regular access to governor training. There is an understanding that there will be a need to focus on succession planning and that the Governing Body may benefit from examining good practice elsewhere. It should be acknowledged that regular skills/knowledge audits will ensure there is sufficient and appropriate specialist expertise in all areas of school operations. Governors have been active through the academic year is reviewing various options regarding the structural future and their decision will also include the impact on governance that any structural change may bring.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

The Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee is a sub-committee of the main Governing Body. Members of the Finance, Premises, Audit, and Risk recognised the wealth of acquired financial and business expertise appointed to the committee. Its purpose is to assist and support the Governing Body, ensuring sound oversight is exercised over the management of the Academy's finances and resources. The capacity to challenge and deliver effective scrutiny is supplemented by an accountant, an auditor, and a former school finance manager.

The Teaching and Learning Committee, also a subcommittee of the main Governing body, includes a well-informed group of Governors with backgrounds in education. The Governance Professional presented as knowledgeable and keenly aware of her responsibilities. Minutes are of good quality and promote clear evidence of the nature of discussions and themes explored. All Governors complete annual training on Safeguarding.

The Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee is a sub-committee of the main Governing Body.

Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Governors	Meetings attended	Out of possible	
Mr N Clark	2	3	
Mr D Collins (Headteacher & Accounting Officer)	3	3	
Miss T Homewood (Chair of Governors)	3	3	
Ms E Mitchell (Resigned 14 October 2022)	0	0	
Mr N Reddin	3	3	
Ms S Rogers	3	3	
Mr M Spence (Chair - Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee)	3	3	
Mr R Wedderburn-Day	2	3	
Ms S Wooders	3	3	
Ms A L Appleby (Appointed 6 January 2023)	2	2	

Review of value for money

As accounting officer, the Headteacher has responsibility for ensuring that the academy trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The accounting officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes, as well as estates safety and management, achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The accounting officer for the academy trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

· Supporting students to reach their potential

Pupil premium funding is used to enable pupils in receipt of free school meals to make expected progress. Literacy catch-up funding is used to employ high quality literacy teachers to enable low literacy levels to be addressed. Post 16 bursary funding is used to enable students from low-income families to access the post 16 curriculum.

• Robust governance and oversight of Academy finances

The Academy's governors are committed to ensuring that governance of the Academy's financial management is robust. The governors are mindful of their responsibilities in ensuring that the Academy's resources are managed effectively to support the objectives in the Academy's Improvement Plan as well as ensuring the estates safety and management, whilst considering the long-term development of the Academy. The Academy's governors, Leadership Team and staff strive for the best possible outcomes for pupils, achieved at reasonable cost.

The Finance, Premises, Audit and Risk Committee meets as often as is necessary to fulfil its responsibilities, but at least three times per year. The Committee has a clear Terms of Reference which is reviewed annually. The Committee includes the Headteacher and the Chair of Governors. Members are invited to join the Committee on the basis that they have appropriate skills and experience. Further training is provided as required. The Finance, Premises, Audit and Risk Committee receive regular budget monitoring provided in a consistent format and with explanatory notes; consider and ratify policies; scrutinise the Academy budget forecast; ensure that the Academy complies with agreed policies and procedures; and challenge decision makers on spending proposals. The Committee considers the annual reports and financial statements of the Academy, and makes recommendations to the full governing body, who approve core financial statements and related documents.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Ensuring that the trust gains good value for money, and effective and efficient use of resources, the Academy takes a prudent approach to expenditure. As approximately 89% of the Academy's GAG income is spent on staffing, the staffing structure is reviewed annually to ensure that it is fit for purpose and can adapt and respond to support the successful attainment of the objectives within the Academy's Improvement plan. The Academy has a high proportion of skilled and experienced staff, thus ensuring that pupil: staff ratios are maintained at a high level whilst providing value for money. Staff are deployed to provide best value, and temporary changes to permanent contracts are sometimes used to meet the needs of the academy.

Maximising income generation

The Academy generates income through providing facilities for local groups via lettings. The Academy has a Lettings policy in place and explores opportunities to maximise income through the hire of the site in this area.

Lessons Learned

The Governors and Leadership Team have sought to continue the work done to ensure the Academy runs smoothly. All decisions regarding purchasing and service provision are taken with an emphasis on obtaining value for money and improving outcomes for pupils.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of academy trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Knole Academy Trust for the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Governing Body has reviewed the key risks to which the academy trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Governing Body is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the academy trust's significant risks that has been in place for the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Governing Body.

The risk and control framework

The academy trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the Governing Body;
- regular reviews by the Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- · setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- identification and management of risks.

Buzzacott LLP conducted 3 internal audit visits during the year, following each of which a report was issued, setting out findings and recommendations. These reports are provided to the Finance, Premises, Audit and Risk Committee for their consideration.

Financial control measures have been and continue to be maintained during the year. Standard financial operating procedures have been followed such as relating to the payment of suppliers and bank reconciliations.

Checks carried out included:

- · Compliance with the Academies Trust Handbook
- · A review of Fraud, Theft and Bribery
- · A review and test check on the academy's Core Financial Controls

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

The Governing Body are satisfied that the internal audit function has been fully delivered in line with the ESFA's requirements. No category A high risk were found. One category B medium risk was reported which has been reviewed and actioned as appropriate. All other points raised were either rated low risk or were of an advisory nature.

Review of effectiveness

As accounting officer, the Headteacher has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the work of the internal auditor;
- the work of the external auditor;
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process or the school resource management selfassessment tool;
- the work of the executive managers within the academy trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

The accounting officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the Finance, Premises, Audit & Risk Committee and a plan to address weaknesses, if relevant, and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the Governing Body on 01 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr D Collins **Headteacher & Accounting Officer**

Miss T Homewood

Chair of Governors

STATEMENT OF REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

As accounting officer of Knole Academy Trust, I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust Governing Body and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and noncompliance with terms and conditions of all funding, including for estates safety and management, under the funding agreement between academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academy Trust Handbook 2022, including responsibilities for estate safety and management.

I confirm that I and the academy trust's Governing Body are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academies Trust Handbook 2022.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the Governing Body and ESFA.

Mr D Collins

Accounting Officer

01 December 2023

STATEMENT OF GOVERNORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

The governors (who act as trustees for Knole Academy Trust and are also the directors of Knole Academy Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the governors' report and the accounts in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023 published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the governors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under company law, the governors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period.

In preparing these accounts, the governors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023:
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The governors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The governors are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring that grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The governors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of accounts may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Governing Body on 01 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Miss T Homewood

Chair of Governors

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KNOLE ACADEMY TRUST

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Opinion

We have audited the accounts of Knole Academy Trust for the year ended 31 August 2023 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the accounts, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts' section of our report. We are independent of the academy trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the accounts in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the governors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the governors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the accounts and our auditor's report thereon. The governors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the accounts or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the accounts themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KNOLE ACADEMY TRUST (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the governors' report including the incorporated strategic report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts; and
- the governors' report including the incorporated strategic report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the academy trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the governors' report, including the incorporated strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of governors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of governors

As explained more fully in the statement of governors' responsibilities, the governors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the governors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the accounts, the governors are responsible for assessing the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the governors either intend to liquidate the charitable company, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these accounts.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the Financial Reporting Council's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

We obtain and update our understanding of the entity, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the entity is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the entity that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KNOLE ACADEMY TRUST (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, we designed procedures which included:

- Enquiry of senior leadership, Governors/Trustees and those charged with governance around actual and potential litigation and claims as well as actual, suspected and alleged fraud;
- · Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Assessing the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations considered to have a direct material
 effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company through enquiry and inspection;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations including compliance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency;
- Performing audit work over the recognition of grant income and the allocation of expenditure to funds;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management bias and override of controls, including testing of
 journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the rationale of significant
 transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for indicators of
 potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Michelle Wilkes FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Azets Audit Services

11 December 2023

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

First Floor
River House
1 Maidstone Road
Sidcup
Kent
United Kingdom
DA14 5RH

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO KNOLE ACADEMY TRUST AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 26 June 2023 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Knole Academy Trust during the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Knole Academy Trust and ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Knole Academy Trust and ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Knole Academy Trust and ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Knole Academy Trust's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of Knole Academy Trust's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 27 January 2009 and the Academies Trust Handbook, extant from 1 September 2022, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance, and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountant of Academy Trusts issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

Our work included identification and assessment of the design and operational effectiveness of the controls, policies and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with the framework of authorities including high level financial control areas and areas assessed of presenting a higher risk of impropriety. We undertook detailed testing, based on our assessment of risk of material irregularity, where such controls, policies and procedures apply to classes of transactions. This work was integrated with our audit on the financial statements to the extent evidence from the conduct of that audit supports the regularity conclusion as well as additional testing based on our assessment of risk of material irregularity.

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO KNOLE ACADEMY TRUST AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2022 to 31 August 2023 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Reporting Accountant

Azets Audit Services First Floor River House 1 Maidstone Road Sidcup Kent DA14 5RH United Kingdom

Dated: 11 December 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

	Ur Notes	nrestricted funds £'000		cted funds: Fixed asset £'000	Total 2023 £'000	Total 2022 £'000
Income and endowments from:	•	0		00	00	0.4
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	3	8	-	82	90	34
- Funding for educational operations	4	292	8,836	-	9,128	8,573
Other trading activities	5	324	-	-	324	317
Investments	6	16			16	2
Total		640	8,836	82	9,558	8,926
Expenditure on:						
Raising funds Charitable activities:	7	-	7	-	7	4
- Educational operations	8	304	9,379	1,126	10,809	10,681
Total	7	304	9,386	1,126	10,816	10,685
Net income/(expenditure)		336	(550)	(1,044)	(1,258)	(1,759)
Transfers between funds	16	(759)	465	294	-	-
Other recognised gains/(losses) Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension schemes	18	-	382	-	382	3,354
Net movement in funds		(423)	297	(750)	(876)	1,595
Reconciliation of funds						
Total funds brought forward		1,631	(219)	33,394	34,806	33,211
Total funds carried forward		1,208	78	32,644	33,930	34,806

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Comparative year information		Unrestricted	Restri	cted funds:	Total
Year ended 31 August 2022		funds	General	Fixed asset	2022
•	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Income and endowments from:					
Donations and capital grants Charitable activities:	3	5	-	29	34
- Funding for educational operations	4	264	8,309	-	8,573
Other trading activities	5	317	-	-	317
Investments	6	2	-	-	2
Total		588	8,309	29	8,926
Expenditure on:					
Raising funds	7	-	4	-	4
Charitable activities:					
- Educational operations	8	307	9,226	1,148	10,681
Total	7	307	9,230	1,148	10,685
Net income/(expenditure)		281	(921)	(1,119)	(1,759)
Transfers between funds	16	(61)	(131)	192	-
Other recognised gains/(losses) Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension schemes	18	-	3,354	-	3,354
Net movement in funds		220	2,302	(927)	1,595
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds brought forward		1,411	(2,521)	34,321	33,211
Total funds carried forward		1,631	(219)	33,394	34,806

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 AUGUST 2023

		2023		2022	
Fixed assets	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	12		22 644		22.204
Tangible assets	12		32,644		33,394
Current assets					
Debtors	13	546		565	
Investments		725		571	
Cash at bank and in hand		644		1,286	
		1,915		2,422	
Current liabilities		1,915		2,422	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(629)		(719)	
ordaniere, anneanne rannig dae mann ene year					
Net current assets			1,286		1,703
Net coets evaluding pension lightlift.			22.020		25.007
Net assets excluding pension liability			33,930		35,097
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	18		-		(291)
					0.4.000
Total net assets			33,930		34,806
Funds of the goodsmy trusts					
Funds of the academy trust: Restricted funds	16				
- Fixed asset funds	10		32,644		33,394
- Restricted income funds			78		72
- Nestricted income funds - Pension reserve			70		(291
- P ETISIOTI TESETVE					(291
Total restricted funds			32,722		33,175
Unrestricted income funds	16		1,208		1,631
Total funds			33,930		34,806

The accounts on pages 23 to 47 were approved by the governors and authorised for issue on 01 December 2023 and are signed on their behalf by:

Miss T Homewood

Chair of Governors

Company registration number 07115882 (England and Wales)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net cash used in operating activities	19		(210)		(233)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Dividends, interest and rents from investm	ents	16		2	
Capital grants from DfE Group		82		29	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(376)		(221)	
Purchase of investments		(154)		(1)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(432)		(191)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivale	ents in the				
reporting period			(642)		(424)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning o	f the year		1,286		1,710
Cash and cash equivalents at end of th	e vear		644		1,286
each and each equivalence at one or an	- ,		===		====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The accounts of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2022 to 2023 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2 Going concern

The governors assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, ie whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern. The governors make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the accounts and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the accounts.

1.3 Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

<u>Grants</u>

Grants are included in the statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the statement of financial activities in the period for which it is receivable, and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund. Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended.

Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the academy trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the statement of financial activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Donated goods, facilities and services

Goods donated for resale are included at fair value, being the expected proceeds from sale less the expected costs of sale. If it is practical to assess the fair value at receipt, it is recognised in stock and 'Income from other trading activities'. Upon sale, the value of the stock is charged against 'Income from other trading activities' and the proceeds are recognised as 'Income from other trading activities'. Where it is impractical to fair value the items due to the volume of low value items they are not recognised in the accounts until they are sold. This income is recognised within 'Income from other trading activities'.

Donated fixed assets

Donated fixed assets are measured at fair value unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor is used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the academy trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Assets costing £5,000 or more per item (or less if they form part of a larger purchase or project) are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding that require the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities and carried forward in the balance sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the statement of financial activities.

A long term lease (125 years) with Kent County Council for the land and buildings at Bradbourne Vale Road, Sevenoaks, was entered into in November 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leashold land and buildings Buildings - 12 - 42 years (straight line); land over term of lease

(125 years)

Leasehold improvements 10 - 30 years (straight line);

Assets under construction

Computer equipment

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

Motor vehicles

Not depreciated

3 years (straight line)

5 years (straight line)

4 years (straight line)

Leasehold land is now depreciated over the term of the lease, being 125 years. This is a change in depreciation policy. The annual charge is £82k. No depreciation had previously been charged in this respect so the accounts include a charge dating back to when the Trust acquired the land on a lease.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.6 Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods of services it must provide.

1.7 Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.8 Investments

Current asset investments comprise cash held on deposit for more than 90 days.

1.9 Financial instruments

The academy trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the academy trust and their measurement basis are as follows.

Financial assets

Trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities

Trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition.

Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

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1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by chapter 3 part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

1.11 Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary based on quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions are recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to net income or expenditure are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the statement of financial activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

1.12 Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy trust at the discretion of the governors.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the [Department for Education Group].

2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Accounting estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

(Continued)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The academy trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Useful economic lives of tangible assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reassessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and the physical condition of the assets. See note 13 for the carrying amount of the property plant and equipment, and note 1.5 for the useful economic lives for each class of assets.

LGPS

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost or income for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 18, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2023. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

The pension value also includes an asset ceiling adjustment and the assumptions used to calculate this are:

- The scheme is open to new entrants;
- There is a minimum funding requirement in relation to the LGPS;
- There is the ability to recover a surplus through the ability to reduce future contributions (not refund)
- In calculating the surplus, the present value of current and past service costs is offset against the future contributions over the future period;
- The present value in the above calculations are calculated using an annuity representing participation into perpetuity.

Critical areas of judgement

There are no critical areas of judgement.

3 Donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2023 £'000	Total 2022 £'000
Capital grants	-	82	82	29
Other donations	8	-	8	5
	8	82	90	34
	===			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

4 Funding for the academy trust's educational operations

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2023 £'000	Total 2022 £'000
DfE/ESFA grants				
General annual grant (GAG)	_	7,858	7,858	7,567
Other DfE/ESFA grants:				
Pupil premium	_	279	279	256
Rates	-	56	56	69
Teachers Pension Grant	_	34	34	34
Teacher Pay Grant	_	_	_	12
Recovery premium	_	74	74	37
National Tutoring	_	17	17	38
Supplementary grant		228	228	95
Mainstream School Additional grant	-	112	112	-
Others	_	10	10	20
	-	8,668	8,668	8,128
Other government grants				
Local authority grants	-	174	174	170
COVID-19 additional funding DfE/ESFA				
Other DfE/ESFA COVID-19 funding	-	(6)	(6)	11
•		==	===	
Other funding				
Voluntary fund	259	-	259	225
Other incoming resources	33	-	33	39
ŭ				
	292	_	292	264
Total funding	292	8,836	9,128	8,573
-		<u> </u>		

The academy trust has been eligible to claim additional funding in the year from government support schemes in response to the Coronavirus outbreak. The funding received is shown above under "COVID-19 additional funding".

[•] The funding received for other COVID-19 funding of £Nil (2022: £11k) represents funding for mass testing. The related costs are included in note 8 below where appropriate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

5 Other trading activities	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total 2023 £'000	Total 2022 £'000
Income from facilities and services	17	-	17	10
Knole Academy Enterprises	291	-	291	283
Other income	16	-	16	24
	324	<u>-</u>	324	317

The 2022 accounts included a duplication of voluntary fund income and expenditure amounting to £196k. The 2022 figures have been restated to reflect this error. This has resulted in a decrease in other trading activities income of £196k and a reduction in expenditure of £196k.

	moonie of 2 rook and a roduction in	Схропанаго	51 Z 1001ti			
6	Investment income					
			Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
			funds	funds	2023	2022
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Short term deposits		16		16	2
7	Expenditure					
			Non-pay	expenditure	Total	Total
		Staff costs	Premises	Other	2023	2022
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Expenditure on raising funds					
	- Direct costs	-	-	7	7	4
	Academy's educational operations					
	- Direct costs	6,009	948	1,100	8,057	7,668
	- Allocated support costs	1,175	1,158	419	2,752	3,013
		7,184	2,106	1,526	10,816	10,685
	Net income/(expenditure) for the	vear include	s·		2023	2022
	not moomo/(exponentaro) for the	your morado	.		£,000	£'000
	Operating lease rentals				60	25
	Depreciation of tangible fixed asse	ts			1,126	1,148
	Fees payable to auditor for:					
	- Audit				13	12
	- Other services				4	3
	- Underprovision previous auditors				-	1
	Net interest on defined benefit pen-	sion liability			6	52

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

Charitable activities				
	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total 2023	Total 2022
Direct costs	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Educational operations	234	7,823	8,057	7,668
Support costs				
Educational operations	70	2,682	2,752	3,013
	304	10,505	10,809	10,681
Analysis of costs			2023	2022
Direct costs			£'000	£'000
Teaching and educational support staff costs			6,009	5,752
Staff development			26	24
Depreciation			948	996
Technology costs			69	70
Educational supplies and services			433	356
Examination fees			135	144
Other direct costs			437	326
			8,057	7,668
Support costs				
Support staff costs			1,175	1,420
Depreciation			178	152
Technology costs			112	119
Recruitment and support			-	3
Maintenance of premises and equipment			351	375
Energy costs			401	321
Rent, rates and other occupancy costs			168	150
Insurance			39	39
Security and transport Catering			32 73	32 68
Finance costs			73 6	52
Other support costs			190	266
Governance costs			27	16
			2,752	3,013

The 2022 accounts included a duplication of voluntary fund income and expenditure amounting to £196k. The 2022 figures have been restated to reflect this error. This has resulted in a decrease in other trading activities income of £196k and a reduction in expenditure of £196k.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

9	Staff
•	•••••

Staff	costs
Jian	CUSIS

Staff costs during the year were:

	2023	2022
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	5,187	5,045
Social security costs	519	486
Pension costs	1,189	1,494
Staff costs - employees	6,895	7,025
Agency staff costs	289	147
	7,184	7,172
Staff development and other staff costs	26	24
Total staff expenditure	7,210	7,196

Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the academy trust during the year was as follows:

	2023 Number	2022 Number
Teachers	82	101
Administration and support	78	44
Management	10	9
·		
	170	154
	===	====
The number of persons employed, expressed as a full time equivalent, was as for	ollows:	
	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Teachers	78	95
Administration and support	59	40
Management	10	9
Management		
	147	144
		===

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

9 Staff (Continued)

Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs and employer national insurance contributions) exceeded £60,000 was:

2023	2022
Number	Number
0,000 - £70,000	6
0,001 - £80,000	1
0,001 - £90,000	-
- 00,001 - £110,000	1
10,001 - £120,000	-

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the academy trust comprise the governors and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of key management personnel employee benefits (including employer pension contributions and employer national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the academy trust was £266k (2022: £249k).

10 Governors' remuneration and expenses

One or more of the governors has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from an employment with the academy trust. The Headteacher and other staff governors only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of Headteacher and staff members under their contracts of employment, and not in respect of their services as governors.

The value of governors' remuneration and other benefits was as follows:

Mr D Collins (Headteacher)

Remuneration: £110,000 - £115,000 (2022: £100,000 - £105,000)

Employers pension contributions £25,000 - £30,000 (2022: £25,000 - £30,000)

During the year, no travel and subsistence payments were reimbursed or paid directly to governors (2022: £63 - 1 governors).

Other related party transactions involving the governors are set out within the related parties note.

11 Governors' and officers' insurance

In accordance with normal commercial practice, the academy trust has purchased insurance to protect governors and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy trust business. The insurance provides cover up to £5m on any one claim and the cost for the year ended 31 August 2023 was £96 (2022: £92). The cost of this insurance is included in the total insurance cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

12	Tangible fixed assets							
		Leashold land Leasehold and buildings improvements		Assets under construction	Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		€,000	€,000	€,000	€,000	€,000	£,000	€,000
	Cost							
	At 1 September 2022	34,507	343	92	1,308	244	109	36,576
	Transfer	ı	65	(99)	•	1	•	1
	Additions	ı	155	ı	201	20	ı	376
	Disposals	•	1	'	(624)	•	•	(624)
	At 31 August 2023	34,507	563	1	885	264	109	36,328
	Depreciation							
	At 1 September 2022	1,679	91	ı	1,065	244	103	3,182
	On disposals	1	•	1	(624)	1	1	(624)
	Charge for the year	916	32	'	171	-	9	1,126
	At 31 August 2023	2,595	123	1	612	245	109	3,684
	Net book value							
	At 31 August 2023	31,912	440	1	273	19	•	32,644
	At 31 August 2022	32,828	252	92	243	•	9	33,394

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

12 Tangible fixed assets

(Continued)

Transactions relating to land and buildings during the year include:

- toilet refurbishment £56k
- new mobile classroom £68k
- canopy £30k

A long term lease (125 years) with Kent County Council for the land and buildings at Bradbourne Vale Road, Sevenoaks, was entered into in November 2020. Included in the valuation is leasehold land valued at £10,230,000.

13 Debtors

		2023 £'000	2022 £'000
	Trade debtors	5	13
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	291	283
	VAT recoverable	70	108
	Prepayments and accrued income	180	161
		546	565
			=
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	3 3 3 3 3	2023	2022
		£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors	122	218
	Other taxation and social security	127	126
	Other creditors	145	141
	Accruals and deferred income	235	234
	, tost date and defended informe		
		629	719
		==	==
15	Deferred income		
10	Deletted modifie	2023	2022
		£'000	£'000
	Deferred income is included within:	2000	~~~
	Creditors due within one year	68	93
			==
	Deferred income at 1 September 2022	93	72
	Released from previous years	(93)	(72)
	Resources deferred in the year	68	93
	···- ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Deferred income at 31 August 2023	68	93
			=

Deferred income relates to trip income collected in advance of the trip taking place of £68k (2022: £93k).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

16	Funds	Balance at 1 September			Gains, losses and	Balance at 31 August
		2022 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	transfers £'000	2023 £'000
	Restricted general funds	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
	General Annual Grant (GAG)	_	7,858	(8,317)	459	-
	Pupil premium	-	279	(279)	-	-
	Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	4	(4)	-	-
	Other government grants	-	174	(174)	-	-
	Rates	-	56	(56)	-	-
	Teachers pension grant	-	34	(34)	-	-
	Recovery premium	-	74	(74)	-	-
	National Tutoring	-	17	(17)	-	-
	Supplementary grant Mainstream Schools Additional	-	228	(228)	-	-
	grant	-	112	(112)	-	-
	Other restricted funds				6	
	Funds excluding pensions	72	8,836	(9,295)	465	78
	Pension reserve	(291)		(91)	382	
		(219)	8,836	(9,386)	847	78
	Restricted fixed asset funds					
	DfE group capital grants	_	82	_	(82)	_
	Fixed asset fund	33,394		(1,126)	376	32,644
		33,394	82 ——	(1,126) ———	294 ———	32,644
	Total restricted funds	33,175	8,918	(10,512) =====	1,141	32,722
	Unrestricted funds					
	General funds	1,631	640	(304)	(759) ———	1,208
	Total funds	34,806	9,558	(10,816)	382	33,930

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

16 Funds (Continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

General Annual Grant

Income received from the ESFA to cover the normal running costs of the Academy Trust. Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the Academy was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2023.

Other DFE/ESFA grants

This includes Cadet expansion funding and Early Careers Framework. Comparative figures include Summer School, Early Careers Framework, 5% NQT time off timetable funding and Senior Mental Health needs funding.

Other government grants

This includes additional pupil premium and high needs funding received from the Local Authority.

Other restricted funds

Other restricted funds relate to funding from a donor for Duke of Edinburgh award, funding for students who can't afford to go on trips and other expenditure approved by the donor.

Transfer between funds

The transfer between funds represents the purchase of capital items from restricted grants and the school's contribution towards capital projects. A transfer between other restricted funds and unrestricted funds relates to voluntary fund income incorrectly treated as restricted in previous years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

16 Funds (Continued)

Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Balance at 1 September 2021	Income	Expenditure	Gains, losses and transfers	Balance at 31 August 2022
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)	141	7,567	(7,999)	291	-
Pupil premium	-	256	(256)	-	-
Other DfE/ESFA grants	-	20	(20)	-	-
Other government grants	-	181	(181)	-	-
Rates	-	69	(69)	-	-
Teachers pension grant	-	34	(34)	-	-
Teachers pay grant	-	12	(12)	-	-
Recovery premium	-	37	(37)	-	-
National Tutoring	-	38	(38)	-	-
Supplementary grant	-	95	(95)	-	-
Other restricted funds	494 ———			(422)	
Funds excluding pensions	635	8,309	(8,741)	(131)	72
Pension reserve	(3,156)	-	(489)	3,354	(291)
	(2,521)	8,309	(9,230)	3,223	(219)
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE group capital grants	_	29	_	(29)	_
Fixed asset fund	34,321	-	(1,148)	221	33,394
	34,321		(1,148) ====	192 ———	33,394
Total restricted funds	31,800	8,338	(10,378)	3,415	33,175
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	1,411 ———	588	(307)	(61) ———	1,631
Total funds	33,211	8,926	(10,685)	3,354	34,806

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

17 Analysis of	net assets between funds				
		Unrestricted		tricted funds:	Total
		Funds	General	Fixed asset	Funds
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund baland represented	es at 31 August 2023 are by:				
Tangible fixed	d assets	-	-	32,644	32,644
Current asse	ts	1,837	78	-	1,915
Current liabili	ties	(629)	-	-	(629)
Total net ass	sets	1,208	78	32,644	33,930
		Unrestricted	Rest	tricted funds:	Total
		Funds	General	Fixed asset	Funds
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fund baland represented	es at 31 August 2022 are by:				
Tangible fixed	d assets	-	-	33,394	33,394
Current asse	ts	2,350	72	-	2,422
Current liabili	ties	(719)	-	-	(719)
Pension sche	eme liability	-	(291)	-	(291)
Total net ass	sets	1,631	(219)	33,394	34,806

18 Pension and similar obligations

The academy trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Kent County Council. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016, and that of the LGPS related to the period ended 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £127k were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2023 (2022: £125k) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academy trusts. All teachers have the option to opt out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both the member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary. These contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

18 Pension and similar obligations

(Continued)

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019.

The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% employer administration charge)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £218,100 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million giving a notional past service deficit of £22,000 million
- the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. The assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of return including earnings growth is 4.45%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2024.

The employer's pension costs paid to the TPS in the period amounted to £931k (2022: £901k).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit pension scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contributions are as noted below. The agreed contribution rates for future years are 22.5% for employers and 5.5 to 12.5% for employees.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013 and on 21 July 2022, the Department for Education reaffirmed its commitment to the guarantee, with a parliamentary minute published on GOV.UK.

Total contributions made	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Employer's contributions Employees' contributions	301 79	260 72
Total contributions	380	332

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

8	Pension and similar obligations	(0	Continued)
	Principal actuarial assumptions	2023 %	2022 %
	Rate of increase in salaries	3.90	4.00
	Rate of increase for pensions in payment/inflation	2.90	3.00
	Discount rate for scheme liabilities	5.35	4.25
	Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.90	3.00
	The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improve assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:	ements in mortality	rates. The
		2023	2022
		Years	Years
	Retiring today		
	- Males	20.7	21.0
	- Females	23.2	23.5
	Retiring in 20 years		
	- Males	22.0	22.3
	- Females	24.6	24.9
	Scheme liabilities would have been affected by changes in assumptions as follows:	 WS:	
		2023	2022
	Discount rate + 0.1%	-74	-94
	Discount rate - 0.1%	76	96
	Mortality assumption + 1 year	132	137
	Mortality assumption - 1 year	-128	-133
	CPI rate + 0.1%	73	90
	CPI rate - 0.1%	-72	-88
	Long term salary increase +0.1%	4	8
	Long term salary increase -0.1%	-4	-8
		===	
	Defined benefit pension scheme net asset/(liability)	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
	Scheme assets	4,456	4,210
	Scheme obligations	(4,456)	(4,501)
	Net asset/(liability)	-	(291)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

18	Pension and similar obligations		(Continued)
	The academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme	2023 Fair value £'000	2022 Fair value £'000
	Equities	2,860	2,760
	Gilts	26	24
	Other bonds	622	557
	Cash	47	71
	Property	454	495
	Other assets	494	303
	Asset ceiling impact	(47)	
	Total market value of assets	4,456 	4,210
	The actual return on scheme assets was £(58,000) (2022: £(55,000)).		
	Amount recognised in the statement of financial activities	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
	Current service cost	386	697
	Interest income	(185)	(66)
	Interest cost	191	118
	Total operating charge	392	749
	Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations	2023	2022
		£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2022	4,501	7,174
	Current service cost	383	697
	Interest cost	191	118
	Employee contributions	79	72
	Actuarial gain	(625)	(3,475)
	Benefits paid	(73)	(85)
	At 31 August 2023	4,456	4,501

Analysis of changes in net funds

20

Cash

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

18	Pension and similar obligations		(C	ontinued)
	Changes in the fair value of the academy trust's share of sche	me assets		
			2023	2022
			£'000	£'000
	At 1 September 2022		4,210	4,018
	Interest income		185	66
	Actuarial loss		(196)	(121)
	Employer contributions		301	260
	Employee contributions		79	72
	Benefits paid		(73)	(85)
	Asset ceiling impact		(47)	-
	At 31 August 2023		4,459	4,210
	7.4.0.77.4.g.1.0.1.20		===	===
19	asset value is reduced to zero. Reconciliation of net expenditure to net cash flow from operat	ing activities		
19	Reconciliation of het expenditure to het cash now from operat	ing activities	2023	2022
		Notes	£'000	£'000
	Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the statement of			
	financial activities)		(1,258)	(1,759)
	Adjusted for:			
	Capital grants from DfE and other capital income		(82)	(29)
	Investment income receivable	6	(16)	(2)
	Defined benefit pension costs less contributions payable	18	85	437
	Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost	18	6	52
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		1,126	1,148
	Decrease/(increase) in debtors		19	(140)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors		(90)	60
	Net cash used in operating activities		(210)	(233)
	·			

1 September

2022 £'000

1,286

Cash flows

£'000

(642)

31 August 2023

£'000

644

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2023

21 Long-term commitments

Operating leases

At 31 August 2023 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

	2023 £'000	2022 £'000
Amounts due within one year	77	62
Amounts due in two and five years	95	112
	172	174

22 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the academy trust and the composition of the Governing Body being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the governors have an interest. The following related party transactions took place in the financial period.

In entering into these transactions, the Academy Trust has complied with the requirements of the Academies Trust Handbook 2022.

Expenditure related party transactions

The wife of D Collins, Headteacher, is employed by the Academy as a teacher. Her appointment was made in open competition and D Collins was not involved in the decision making process regarding the appointment. The amount paid is within the normal pay scale for her role and no special treatment is received as a result of her relationship to D Collins.

Income related party transactions

The Academy operates a trading company (Knole Academy Enterprises - company number 09221523 England and Wales), to raise funds primarily from the hire of sports and other facilities. The company is a related party by virtue that its members and directors are also directors of the Academy. During the year the Academy received reimbursement of costs incurred on behalf of the company of £120k (2022: £118k) and donation income of £171k (2022: £165k). At 31 August 2023, the Academy was owed £291k (2022: £283k) from the company which is included in debtors.

During the year Mr. G Phillips donated £6k (2022: £Nil) to the Academy Trust.

23 Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he or she ceases to be a member.

24 Agency arrangements

The Academy Trust distributes 16-19 bursary funds to students as an agent for the ESFA. In the year to 31 August 2023 the Trust had an unspent balance brought forward of £16k (2022: £9k) and received £13k (2022: £12k). £11k (2022: £5k) was disbursed from the fund during the year. An amount of £18k (2022: £16k) is included within creditors: amounts falling due in less than one year.