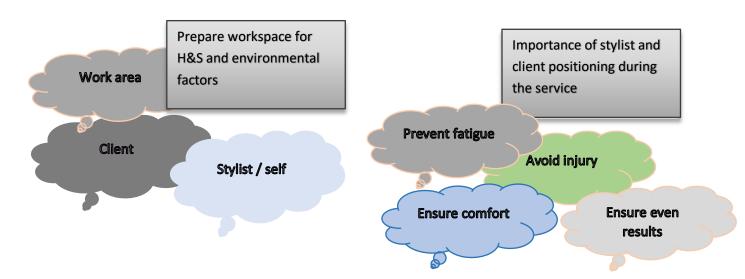
Level 2 Technical certificates 6002 Knowledge organiser 204 & 7

Styling & finishing hair



Influencing factors;

Hair classifications (amount of movement in the hair type1 -4)

Hair characteristics

- Density how many hairs on the head, dense sparse
- Texture thickness / diameter of each hair, fine, medium, coarse
- Elasticity amount the hair stretches and returns
- Porosity how quickly the hair will absorb moisture / liquid
- Condition hair state, normal, dry, oily

Hair cut Hair extensions The occasion for which the style is required Client lifestyle

Average rate of hair growth 1.25cm per month (1/5 an inch) Client features / Facial features

Head, face and body shape Hair growth patterns - way the hair grows naturally Alopecia

Alpha Keratin – hair in natural state

Beta Keratin – hair in false shape / styled

- Hair when
 shampooed takes in
 moisture
- 2.This breaks the weak hydrogen bonds and salt linkages in the hair
- 3. The hair is shaped using hands, rollers, brushes or combs

4. Dried using heat from a dryer that evaporates the moisture

6. The hair is exposed to moisture in the atmosphere / moisture

Styling & finishing products place a film on the hair preventing the absorption of moisture - humidity

Heat makes the hair more pliable cool before final dressing
Too hot can damage - burn - discolour

The hydrogen bonds and salt linkages reform in a new stretched position BETA Keratin

7. The bonds begin to relax back to their natural position. False style created is lost.

Products – therefore prolong
the lifespan of your styling
service

Air flow must go down the cuticle, root to tip – flattens the cuticle – aids shine – prevents damage

Service adaptations

- Heat setting, hair type, density, condition
- Tool use, look required, weight present
- Tension used, hair type, texture, density
- Product used, condition, hair type, density, texture

Products

Mousse

Creams

Gels

Heat protectors Sp

Serums

Wax

Setting lotions

On base – roller sits back on the root area – maximum lift

Off base – roller sits off of the root area – root drag produced – minimum volume

Techniques

Blow-drying – structured looks

Finger drying – scrunch drying – unstructured looks

Setting (wet / dry / wrap) – traditional looks and structured curls

Blow-waving - waving, quiffs

Hair-up

Back-combing / back-brushing – creates volume, height, durability, cushioning for pins

Tools and equipment

Hand dryer Attachments Round brush Flat brush Heated styling equipment, wands, crimpers, straighteners and tongs. Rollers Combs Rake Pin curl clips Brushes Grips and pins

Aftercare advice and recommendations:

- How to maintain look styling
- Time interval between services short cuts need greater maintenance
- Present and future services to enhance look
- Retail opportunities styling,
 finishing & basin products

Sectioning and winding techniques

Point to point Root to point On base Off base Directional Brick

Remove roller pins then rollers, nape to forehead.