

Unit: Striking and Fielding



Children will be taught to:

- · Pupils should be taught to strike a ball off a tee
- To throw using underarm or overarm
- To field a ball and return to an area within a skill game
- · Follow rules of a game
- · Stop moving when the 'bowler' has the ball
- Play as a fielder and pass the ball back to the bowler to make the runner stop

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- Wear suitable footwear.
- Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

Things to think about:

- Remember to move into the batting to give it more power.
- When catching cup your hands or move closer to the ground.
- Think about the direction you could hit and throw the ball.

Key Vocabulary

An object throw from the should and
then forced forward. This throw is great
for longer distances.
Using an object to throw over a short
distance accurately. It involves the
transference of weight forwards as the
straight- throwing arm swings through
from the back to the front to release the
object at hip height.
Attempting to return the ball or object
before the striking team complete a run
between 2 markers.
Hitting a ball or object into an open
space in the playing area.

THINK BIG

DO THE RIGHT THING

Inspiring Athlete
Joe Butler





Unit: Gymnastics



Children will be taught to:

- Explain the importance moving with control and awareness of space
- · Move with some control and awareness of space
- Create a sequence using 3 or more linked actions combined with basic and intermediate balances
- Show contrasts on use of body and shape (such as small, tall, straight, curved)
- Balance on different points of the body, holding a still position
- · Climb and travel safely on equipment
- Jump in a range of different of ways, showing control and balance on landing

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- · Wear suitable footwear.
- · Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

Things to think about:

- Use all the space to perform.
- Use the safe teachnique you have been taught.
- Perform movements and balances with control

Inspiring Athlete Max Whitlock



THINK BIG SHOW TEAM SPIRIT DO THE RIGHT THING

Sequence	The order of movements within a routine.
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Routine	When lots of shapes and movements join
	together to make a dance.
Balance	To stay still and steady in a position or shape.
Control	To dance without loosing your balance, change
Control	the speed and direction you move.
Direction	The way you move:
Direction	Forwards, backwards, sideways, up and down.
Dady Chana	Shapes created through the position of the
Body Shape	body.
	The safe method performers have been taught
Technique	to perform a skill such as a forward roll.
- III	How the performer decides to move within a
Travelling	routine on hands and feet.
Fluency	To be able to move with ease and gracefulness.
NES	A gymnastic skills such as a forward roll or
Element	balance.
	When a balance is performed on a number of
Point balances	points of the body.
	Performing the same movements and physical
Canon	actions at the same time.
Body tension	Tensing muscles to create a stable shape.
50.10. 51	Making sure the environment around and
Safety	techniques are performed properly.
Counter	A balance where two performers take each
balance	others weight by pushing against each other.
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Unit: Net and Wall



Children will be taught to:

- Pupils should be taught participate in individual based skills, working in pairs,
- · Develop simple tactics for rallying against a partner
- To begin to understand the principle of playing an attacking stroke/shot within games such as dodgeball and big ball tennis
- Play a variety of games to score
- Start to apply basic tactics

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- Wear suitable footwear.
- Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

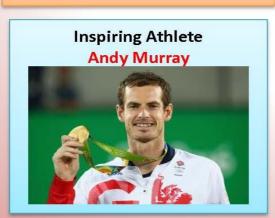
Things to think about:

- To pass to team mates using the correct part passes learnt.
- Try and get a rally going.
- Use spatial awareness to watch out for other players on the court if playing pairs.

Key Vocabulary

Balance	To stay still and steady in a position or shape.
Control	To perform movements and skills without loosing your balance, change the speed and direction you move.
Rally	When players hit the ball over the net consecutively to each other.
Serve	The player starts a game by hitting the ball over the net into the serve box.
Racquet	The piece of equipment used to strike the ball.
Backhand	When the player strikes the ball using the back of their racquet and from across their body.

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Key Fundamentals

Agility

Children will be taught to:.

- · Find space when asked and stay in a space during activity.
- Move in different directions & different ways independently whilst avoiding obstacles. Speed can be altered for different tasks when appropriate.

Agility	The ability to change the direction of the body
Agility	in an efficient and effective manner

Balance

Children will be taught to:

- Hold some static balances and send & receive objects whilst holding that balance.
- Safely move across a bench / smaller area without error.

Γ	Balance	The ability to hold your body upright and steady
L	Dalalice	without falling down
		The ability to maintain balance and control of
	Dynamic Balance	the body whilst moving, such as hopping,
		jumping or running.
		The ability to maintain control of a position
	Static Balance	whilst remaining stationary – for example,
		balancing on one leg or holding a headstand.

Coordination

Children will be taught to:

- Catch an object when rolled / thrown towards them and send the object back to another person.
- Take part in sending & receiving with a partner.

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Coordination	The ability to move two or more body parts	
Coordination	under control, smoothly and efficiently.	





Unit: Athletics



Children will be taught to:

To demonstrate running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination

To move with control, agility and confidence

Apply different types of movements linked to running to ensure it is embedded

Jump with control both 1 footed and two footed

Throw different objects in a variety of ways

Complete an obstacle course with control and agility

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- Wear suitable footwear.
- Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

Things to think about:

- Use correct techniques you have been shown.
- Where should your hand and arm be ready for the relay hand over.
- Gradual improvements by introducing techniques to a standing long jump.

Key Vocabulary

r	
Balance	To stay still and steady in a position or
Balance	shape.
	Propel (something) with force through
Throw	the air by a movement of the arm and
	hand.
	To move at a speed faster than a walk,
Run	never having both or all the feet on the
	ground at the same time.
	Push oneself off a surface and into the
Jump	air by using the muscles in one's legs and
	feet.
Sprint	Run at full speed over a short distance.
Target	An aim.

Inspiring Athlete
Usain Bolt



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Unit: Dance



Children will be taught to:

- Children should be taught to perform dances using simple movement patterns.
- Use movement imaginatively, responding to stimuli, including music and performing basic skills
- · Change rhythm, speed, level and direction of their movements
- Create and perform dances using simple movement patterns, including those from different times and cultures
- · Express and communicate ideas and feelings

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- Wear suitable footwear.
- Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

Things to think about:

- Use all the space around you.
- Use clear creative and emotive body language.
- Do your audience know the story of your dance?
- Can you find the rhythm of music

Inspiring Athlete **Diversity**



THINK BIG SHOW TEAM SPIRIT DO THE RIGHT THING

C	The rate at which someone moves.
Speed	
Routine	When lots of shapes and movements join
Houtine	together to make a dance.
Balance	To stay still and steady in a position or shape.
	To dance without loosing your balance, change
Control	the speed and direction you move.
Discotion	The way you move:
Direction	Forwards, backwards, sideways, up and down.
Mood	How a character or person feels.
	Using your face to show how you feel:
Facial expression	Happy, sad, upset, angry.
	When somebody explains and demonstrates
Interpretation	their understanding of an image, piece of
	writing or music.
Fluency	To be able to move with ease and gracefulness.
Disease	A section of a dance routine.
Phase	
Timele =	Moving to the beat or rhythm within a piece of
Timing	music.
	The topic of the dance or story such as:
Theme	adventure, horror, cultural, futuristic.
Motif	A short phrase of movements.
Gesture	Movements of the body to show how you feel.
Stamina	The ability to take part in physical activity over
	a period of time.
	PART



Unit: OOA and Team Building



Children will be taught to:

- Explain how they can make informed choices about healthy, active lifestyles both in school and beyond
- Participate in competitive and cooperative physical activities
- · Apply tactics and creative ideas to tasks
- Orientate a simple map using features of the area and using a control marker.
- Continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills. Enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other and how to improve
- Work cooperatively with a small team or partner to navigate a course.

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- Wear suitable footwear.
- Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

Things to think about:

- Orientate a simple map using the control marker.
- Plan a safe route visiting all markers.
- Communicate with your team mates.

Control Card	This is the card carried by each team to identify what they find at each marker.
Control marker	The stations scattered throughout a course that each team should visit.
Orientating the map.	This is setting the map so it is held the right way round. You can find your location on the map using features.
Stamina	The ability to perform physical activity for a sustained period of time.
Grid reference/ Coordinates	Using the markers and grids on the map to identify locations of control markers.
Teamwork	Communicating and working with others to establish a goal.
Key	A set of symbols that marks human and physical features on a map.
Route	The direction they aim to go in order the visit each control marker.
Tactics	The plan and approach taken to try to win the competition.





Unit: Invasion Games



Children will be taught to:

- Perform some dribbling skills with hands, feet and a stick using space
- Pass a ball accurately (hands & feet) over longer distances to a team mate
- Combine stopping, receiving, sending and passing in multiple forms to other players
- Make simple decisions about when /where to move in game to receive a ball

Safety

- Remove all jewellery including earrings.
- Long hair must be tied back.
- · Wear suitable footwear.
- · Use correct techniques.
- Complete a warm-up and cool-down.

Things to think about:

- When catching reach for the ball with straight arms.
- When passing hold the ball with two hands and step forward into the pass.

Inspiring Athlete Owen Farrell



THINK BIG SHOW TEAM SPIRIT DO THE RIGHT THING

Balance	To stay still and steady in a position or shape.
	To perform movements and skills without
Control	loosing your balance, change the speed and
	direction you move.
	Movement made towards the oppositions
Attack	52 25
	goal within a game to score points.
	Movements made to protect the home
Defend	teams goal, preventing the opposition from
	scoring.
	The positions, whose job it is to stop the
Defence	opposition from scoring.
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Weave	When dribbling be able to move in a side to
	side motion.
Receive	When the ball is passed to a player. They are
Receive	able to stop it and move on with it.
	Being able to make passes and shots making
Accuracy	sure they get to the location the player is
, 1000100	
	aiming for.
Passing	Sending the ball to another member of your
Passing	team.
	When you send the ball to a location through
Sending	shooting and passing.
	Shooting that passing.